JESSICA MONAGHAN & PENELOPE CHAPPLE

NATIONAL TRUST





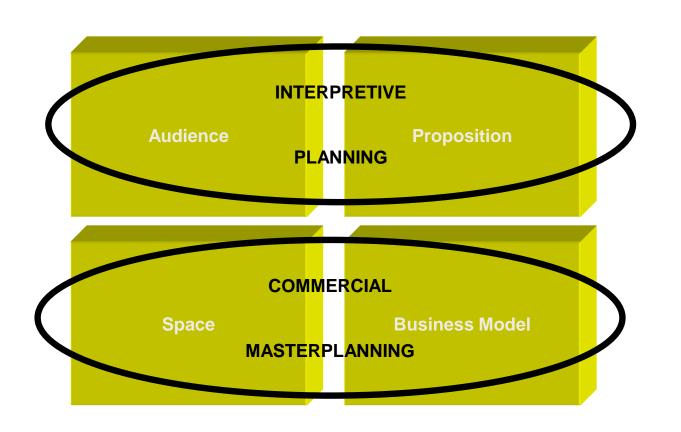




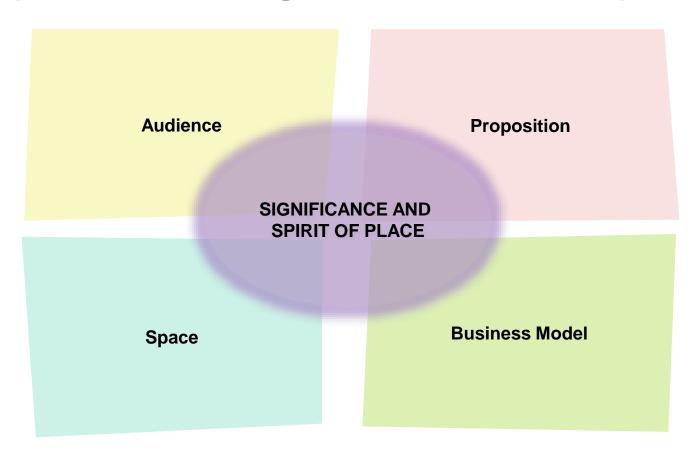




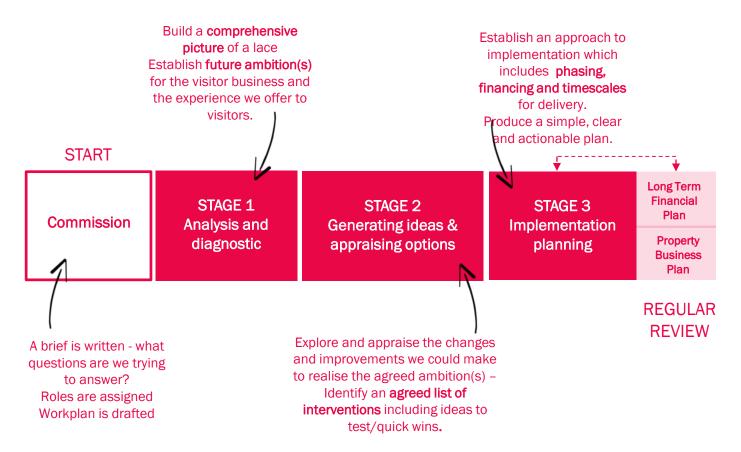
The Genesis of Experience Design



Experience Design: holistic masterplanning



The Experience Design Framework

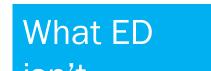


The Experience Design Framework

Experience Design is now regarded the strategic, long term and holistic approach to developing the visitor business/experience at our properties within the context of what makes the place special. More specifically Experience Design is a collaborative process which:

- Defines our ambition for the visitor business and the experience we offer within the context of what is special about a place
- Identifies where we need to invest and what changes we need to make
- Sets out how we plan to implement these changes

What ED is



An holistic, strategic approach to direction-setting for VB/ VE

The integrated plan of everything

Strategy/ concept & early feasibility

Design or detailed design

A consistent approach, and way of thinking/working

A process that can be applied everywhere the same way

Something which will define what investments to make, and a plan for making them

A detailed business case, or an 'infrastructure project' tool

Audience-led: something which aligns everyone around audience outcomes while respecting conservation impacts

Asset led: it doesn't duplicate our conservation planning tools: we already have them

Something which works with our financial/ operating models

A tool to make funding asks of centre – it will define your own business case

A case study: Quarry Bank

The benefits of thinking holistically at Visitor Attraction level



Key elements:

- Developed a new/clear proposition: complete early industrial community on the edge of the world's first industrial city
- Set clear growth strategy from 125k to 300k visitors by driving repeat visits and attracting new urban audiences and growing member value.
- Rethinking of flow model to remove pinch points, disperse and change how the landscape was read and understood in line with proposition.
- Creation/development of repeatable components: upper garden, glasshouses, woods, mill owners house & re-interpretation of the mill.
- Infrastructure changes new car park, welcome, retail, F&B and toilets
- Extension of pay barrier, move to single ticket and change the name.

Progress/impact

£9.4 million project now completed (nearly £6 million came from external grants and fundraising)

The way people visit, move around and understand the landscape has completely changed. They are visiting a complete early industrial community – not just a mill.

Last year the property welcomed 262k visitors (mill closed until July).

A case study: Longshaw and the Peak District Applying the principles to the outdoors



- A very popular outdoor property, without clear plans for visitor attraction management or development
- Agreed a proposition 'A gateway to the Peak District'
- Clearly identified main hub and main hot spot for activities/ commercial development based on visitor flow; and 2 other secondary gateway hubs
- Motivation grouping of audiences in local language ('hot spot focused', 'exploring safely', 'daily outdoors', 'travelling through landscapes')
- Identified capacity needs and location for car park extension, catering extension, retail, and mobile catering
- Identified three phased stages of development/ investment
- NB this wasn't a place managing intense or unsustainable tourism

Progress/impact

2016: Doubling of car park spaces to 198

2017: Easy to access circular walk created as part of the core experience

2018: Relocation of ranger base away from main visitor hub; Welcome building allowing 364 welcome

C2019: Café development in progress 2020/21 Development of wider landscape underway

A case study: The Lake District Applying the principles at landscape scale



Key elements:

- Created a strategic framework to design the visitor experience, inform investments and plan long-term across the Lake District portfolio.
- The aim was to create a seamless visitor experience regardless of management unit boundaries, to grow revenue, and to grow awareness of and support for our work and conservation
- Motivation grouping of audiences in local language ('lakeside amblers', 'the fells crowd', 'foothills explorers') aligning teams around their need
- Unified teams around tone of voice and audience priorities
- Identified key sites for development and areas of investment: including accommodation, F&B, short walks & ranger guides, ranger development
- De-prioritised other areas like events, niche outdoor activities, less emphasis on retail everywhere (though still important in places)

Progress/ impact:

Collaborative working for General Managers, Marketing and Visitor Experience – to create consistency in offer, joint promotion and pooling resources across the Lakes (at portfolio not property level)

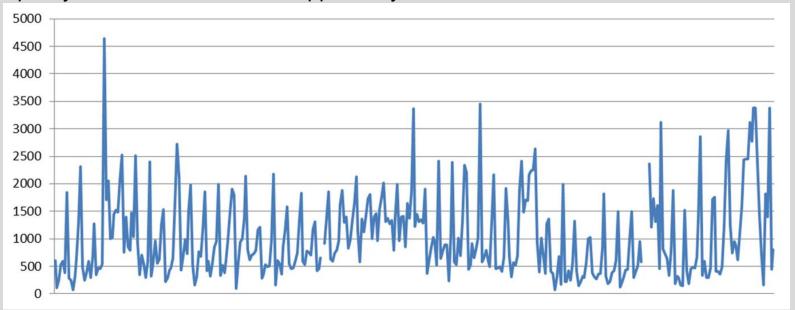
A clear, strategic approach to developing the visitor offer allowing focused support at key sites

Faith in this approach: now refreshing the plans in light of whats been delivered to shape the next phase



Planning across time...

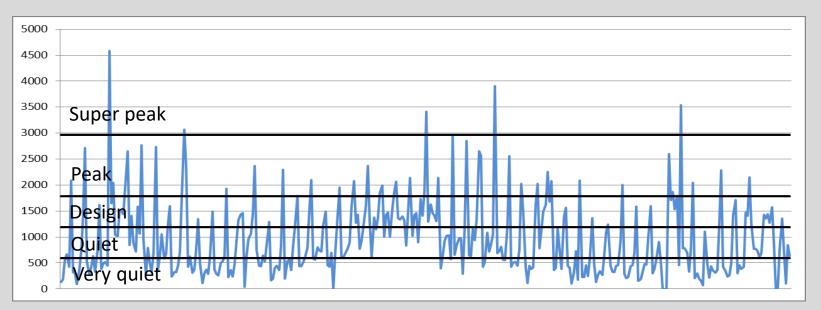
Capacity utilisation offers lots of opportunity...





Planning across time...

Capacity utilisation offers lots of opportunity...





Banded days framework

27% of annual visits 56% of days

Quiet

Slack

Driving efficiency & opportunity to grow

Drive volume up to design day levels (eg through mid-week, shoulder season programming.)

40% of annual visits 31% of days

Design

Maximising quality & engagement

Core operation, infrastructure, offer designed to manage these days Identify critical in-day decision points

33% of annual visits 13% of days

Busy

Peak

Maintaining service & managing impact

Clearly defined super peak operating mode (arrivals, overflow, closing policy, inday programming to spread load, ticketing)

So how might experience design help you?

A few questions to get started...

- How much do you really know about your core audience? How can you describe their different needs?
- Is your whole team aligning taking an audience-led (rather than asset-led) approach?
- What are the hubs and components you can potentially develop to appeal to more people, and spread people across your sites?
- What data do you have to model your capacity and infrastructure requirements operationally, as well as capital investment? How can type of day, and length of day help you?
- How can you plan holistically right from the start so the whole team can get behind your plans?











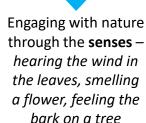
Nature connection – from evidence to action





The five pathways for nature connection







Noticing the **beauty**in nature – watching
the sunset or
admiring the detail
of a flower



We **feel** before we think...creating an emotional bond with nature – how does being in nature make you feel?



Natural **symbolism** & signs of nature – the annual deer rut, first swallow of summer, your favorite place in nature



Developing a moral & ethical concern for nature – product choices, animal welfare, what can you do for nature?

Moving from knowledge to connection...



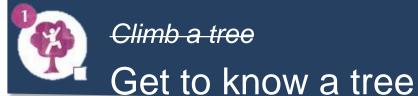
- Observation,
 understanding and
 knowledge
 Learning names of species
- Controlling nature or physical skills in nature

Mountain biking with sole aim of achieving a personal best

"The most effective method of changing behaviours towards nature is through nature connection, not nature knowledge."

- Miles Richardson





needles, **listen** to the wind through the leaves.

Lie under a tree and look up through the branches. What can you see?

When you climbed the tree, how did you **feel**? Was it exciting ... or a bit scary?

What is your favourite local tree?

What animals live in this tree?
Could you plant a tree somewhere?











